Irish Economy Watch



AIB Treasury Economic Research Unit

Wednesday 22 December 2021

	Apr-21	May-21	Jun-21	Jul-21	Aug-21	Sep-21	Oct-21	Nov-21	The manufacturing PMI fell to
MANUFACTURING						•			59.9 in Nov from 62.1. However,
AIB Manufacturing PMI	60.8	64.1	64.0	63.3	62.8	60.3	62.1	59.9	it remains above any reading before April this year. Supply
OECD Leading Indicator	100.4	101.2	102.0	102.6	103.1	103.5	103.7	103.8	issues and inflationary pressures continue to build though
<u> </u>									continue to build though
Industrial Production (Ex-Modern)	122.4	119.9	116.9	114.8	109.0	114.3	115.8	#N/A	Traditional production rose by
Production (Ex-Modern): 3mma YoY%	3.8	11.3	16.8	7.4 1.6	0.1	-1.4	1.1	#N/A	1.3% in Oct. Output was up 1.1% YoY in the past 3 months also
3mth / 3mth % seas. adj.	0.4	1.5	5.8	1.6	-2.9	-5.9	-3.6	#N/A	,
SERVICES / RETAIL									The services PMI fell to 59.3 in Nov as the pace of growth
AIB Services PMI	57.7	62.1	63.1	66.6	63.7	63.7	63.4	59.3	eased. The slowdown in activity
CSO Services Index (Value)	119.6	121.7	129.4	129.8	132.7	137.3	137.3	#N/A	was evident in all four service subsectors. However, the index
- YoY %	22.9	19.8	16.2	15.0	15.4	14.3	18.3	#N/A	remains at a very high level still
- 3mth / 3mth % seas. adj.	1.8	0.8	3.7	5.7	8.2	7.9	6.9	#N/A	The CSO services index was
SIMI Car Registrations	7,147	5,914	2,762	26,478	5,966	4,450	2,680	1,120	unchanged in Oct, albeit at a
- 12 mth cum total	93,246	97,419	99,175	104,482	105,640	104,439	104,823	105,030	very elevated level.
- 3 mma YoY %	54.1	175.0	412.1	47.0	30.5	16.6	2.7	-6.9	Having performed well in H1,
Retail Sales Index	125.6	129.9	133.3	130.0	133.5	132.4	130.1	#N/A	new car sales have slowed recently. Up 19.2% YTD, but are
- YoY %	83.4	46.1	9.8	4.4	5.1	-0.7	1.5	#N/A	still 10.7% lower vs. 2019 levels
- 3mth / 3mth % seas. adj.	8.4	7.4	11.6	5.8	4.8	1.8	0.7	#N/A	Retail sales declined in Oct, but
Ex Autos Index	116.3	125.4	135.5	129.7	132.0	132.7	133.1	#N/A	were 1.5% higher YoY. Core
- YoY %	28.4	21.2	9.5	2.0	3.0	0.7	1.5	#N/A	retail sales at elevated levels, after big gains in Q2 and Q3
- 3mth / 3mth % seas. adj.	-0.5	1.6	9.9	11.3	10.4	4.6	1.8	#N/A	arter big gains in 42 and 43
									Construction PMI remained in
RESIDENTIAL CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY						54.0	54.0		expansion mode at 56.3 in Nov. The pace of activity in the
Construction PMI: Ulster Bank	49.3 54.8	66.4 73.4	65.0 68.8	62.8 63.7	57.5 62.2	56.3 59.8	56.9 54.5	56.3 55.1	commercial sector moderated
Housing ActivityCommercial Activity	42.2	63.5	63.8	60.9	54.9	56.7	60.4	56.3	but was well above 50. Housing activity was also well above 50
- New Orders	55.1	68.2	63.7	65.4	61.7	57.5	57.2	58.6	activity was also well above 30
- Business Expectations	73.9	73.6	71.9	73.6	71.1	68.1	69.7	69.0	Commencements have risen
Commencements: 12mth Total	21,405	25,501	27,264	28,974	29,565	30,519	30,947	#N/A	sharply in 2021, up 16.7% YTD compared to the same period in
- 3 Month Avg YoY %	6.6	148.5	308.4	205.6	92.8	59.8	32.7	#N/A	2019. 12mth total rises to just
								,	below 31k in Oct
HOUSING MARKET ACTIVITY									Mortgage approvals down by
BPFI Mortgage Approvals : Month	3,537	3,814	4,167	4,144	3,749	3,905	3,717	#N/A	2.7% YoY in the 3mths to Oct.
- 3 Month Avg YoY % - 12 Mth Total	51.7 37,640	114.5 40,134	210.1 42,613	111.9 44,044	55.9 44,456	18.3 44,434	-2.7 43,732	#N/A #N/A	However, they are up 36.1% YTD
									Transactions continue to recover
RPPR Transactions : Month - 3 Month Avg YoY %	4,206 28.4	4,175 40.7	4,679 57.9	5,149 50.4	4,705 50.0	5,260 38.3	5,450 20.3	4,612 0.7	in 2021, although, they remain 1.4% lower YTD vs. 2019 levels
- 12 Mth Total	51,816	53,409	55,022	56,510	58,255	59,207	59,107	58,362	
									House prices jumped by 1.4% in Oct, up 13.5% YoY. Ex-Dublin
HOUSING MARKET PRICES									price inflation (+14.6%) continues
CSO Price Index - MoM	0.9	0.8	1.4	1.7	2.2	1.6	1.4	#N/A	to outpace the capital (+12.3%)
- YoY %	4.5	5.4	6.8	8.5	10.9	12.5	13.5	#N/A	Daft asking prices fell in Sept for
Daft Asking Prices: MoM %	1.7	0.6	0.5	0.8	0.2	-1.0	#N/A	#N/A	the first time since Feb. Marked deceleration in the YoY rate also
- YoY %	15.0	11.5	12.7	10.7	7.1	7.6	#N/A	#N/A	deceleration in the 101 rate also
RENTS: CSO Private Rents - MoM%	1.2	-0.2	0.1	0.3	1.5	1.8	0.9	0.6	CSO rental index rose again in
- YoY %	1.6	2.6	3.0	3.1	4.5	5.9	7.5	8.1	Nov, up by 06%. The YoY rate increased to 8.1%
AFFORDABILITY: Couple on Avg Indust	rial Wage	, 90% LTV.	30 Years.	AIB Morto	gage Rate.	Prices: CS	O/Perm' T	SB	A 66 - -
AFFORDABILITY: Couple on Avg Indust - Mortgage as % of Disposable Income	rial Wage 18.1	, 90% LTV, 18.5	30 Years, 18.7	AIB Mortg 19.0	gage Rate, 19.5	Prices: CS 19.8	O/Perm' T #N/A	SB #N/A	Affordability index deteriorates again in Q3, as house prices rise

	Apr-21	May-21	Jun-21	Jul-21	Aug-21	Sep-21	Oct-21	Nov-21	Consumer prices rose by 0.6% in
CONSUMER PRICES - YoY %	1.1	1.7	1.6	2.2	2.9	3.8	5.1	5.3	Nov, led by increases in energy, fuel and transport costs once again. Clothing prices were up 3.3% in the month also. The YoY rate rose to 5.3% from 5.1%. The HICP rate increased to 5.4%
- MoM %	0.7	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.6	0.5	0.7	0.6	
HICP - YoY %	1.1	1.9	1.6	2.2	3.0	3.8	5.1	5.4	
- MoM %	0.6	0.2	0.1	0.4	0.7	0.4	0.8	0.6	
PERSONAL / FINANCIAL									Consumer sentiment fell to 83.1 in Nov. Consumers were less
KBC/ESRI Consumer Confidence	77.9	85.8	87.2	84.9	86.5	86.4	86.8	83.1	positive about the future owing to the surge in Covid-19 cases
Credit Growth YoY %									Private sector credit was up by
- Private Sector (Underlying)	-4.2	-3.2	-3.1	-1.6	-1.4	0.2	0.5	#N/A	0.5% YoY in Oct. Household
of which : Householdof which : Mortgage Lending	-1.8 -1.3	-1.6 -1.3	-1.6 -1.3	-1.3 -1.2	-1.2 -1.1	-1.2 -1.1	-1.2 -1.1	#N/A #N/A	credit, was down by 1.1% YoY
- or writerr . Mortgage Lending	-1.5	-1.5	-1.5	-1.2	-1.1	-1.1	-1.1	#11/74	Standard unemployment rate
LABOUR MARKET									was unchanged at 5.2% in Nov. The Covid-19 adjusted rate fell
Live Register	180,700	176,000	172,600	170,800	169,600	166,600		170,200	sharply to 6.9% from 7.9%, as
- Change In Month	-4,300	-4,700	-3,400	-1,800	-1,200	-3,000	+3,500	+100	the labour market continued to recover strongly
Unemployment Rate %	7.6	6.9	6.3	5.7	5.4	5.2	5.2	5.2	Employment subcomponents of
PMI Employment Indices									the manufacturing, construction
- AIB Manufacturing	57.7	60.0	59.4	57.7	58.0	55.6	55.7	55.0	and services PMIs well above 50 in Nov, as firms continued to
- AIB Services	53.0	54.8	58.6	60.0	58.3	56.8	57.6	55.7	hire to meet elevated demand
- Ulster Bank Construction	51.6	58.2	56.9	56.4	57.4	54.8	55.1	56.2	
MEDCHANDISE TRADE									Goods trade surplus rose by 7% to €6.2bn in Oct. Exports rose
MERCHANDISE TRADE	2.0	2.0	2.0		4.0	2.6		// 1./ 4	by 21% YoY in Oct, and were 1%
Export Values - 3M / 3M % - 3MMA YoY %	-3.9 -3.3	2.2 -3.6	2.2 6.7	5.1 2.4	4.2 1.2	3.6 0.3	5.7 8.8	#N/A #N/A	higher YTD. Imports increased by 15% YoY & were 18% higher YTD. Exports to the UK were up 21% YTD, while imports were down 21%
Import Values - 3M / 3M % - 3MMA YoY %	0.9 18.2	11.9 40.8	13.7 44.1	8.1 23.0	1.6 19.3	-5.2 13.9	-1.1 23.5	#N/A #N/A	
PUBLIC FINANCES									Exchequer finances much better
	4.2	0.1	0.0	12.0	15.0	15.0	10.6	21.0	than expected this year, owing to very strong tax intake (up
Total Tax Receipts: Cum YTD % Voted Spending : Cum YTD %	4.2 7.3	9.1 1.9	9.8 1.3	13.0 0.5	15.2 0.3	15.9 2.3	19.6 1.9	21.8 1.6	21.8% YTD). Net voted spending
Exchequer Bal: 12 Mth Total €m	-12,472	-12,212	-12,285	-10,657	-9,546	-9,162	-8,073	-4,862	up 1.6% YTD. 12mth deficit falls sharply to €4.9bn in Nov
Exchequel Ball 12 Mill Fotal em	12, 172	10,010	12,200	10,007	3,310	7,102	0,073	1,002	
QUARTERLY DATA									
	Q4-19	Q1-20	Q2-20	Q3-20	Q4-20	Q1-21	Q2-21	Q3-21	GDP expanded by 11.4% YoY in
GDP - YoY %	Q4-19 5.1	Q1-20 6.5	Q2-20	Q3-20 10.8	Q4-20 4.5	Q1-21 11.7	Q2-21 21.1	Q3-21	GDP expanded by 11.4% YoY in Q3, due to strong exports, and an easing of restrictions
GDP - YoY % *Domestic Demand - YoY%	G. 13	G1 20	G2 20	45 25	G4 20	11.7	G2 21		Q3, due to strong exports, and an easing of restrictions Modified domestic demand
	5.1 2.0 2.9	6.5	1.4 -12.2 -19.5	10.8 -2.8 -7.7	4.5	11.7 -5.1 -11.8	21.1	11.4	Q3, due to strong exports, and an easing of restrictions Modified domestic demand continued to recover in Q3,
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